## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

	for the
	District of Nevada
United States of America v.  DANIEL PARSON  Defendant	) (Case No. 2:23-mj-395-EJY ) ()
	ETENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I	- Eligibility for Detention
Upon the	
☐ Motion of the Government or Courthe Court held a detention hearing and found that of	y pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or rt's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), letention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
	and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
	<b>18</b> U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable n of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person nditions have been met:
	of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a ma	on of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. aximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or timum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
Controlled Substances Act (21 U	num term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act oter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); <b>or</b>
(a) through (c) of this paragraph	s been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses brough (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal inbination of such offenses; or
`	ise a crime of violence but involves:
(iii) any other dangerous weapon	ssion of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); an; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. tense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise and

(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was

committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; *and*(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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■ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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Significant family or other ties outside the United States   Lack of legal status in the United States   Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration   Prior failure to appear in court as ordered   Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement   Use of alias(es) or false documents   Background information unknown or unverified   Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release     OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:   Based on the allegations set forth in the Complaint, information set forth in the government's proffer, as well
as the information provided to the Court by Pretrial Services, the Court finds Defendant poses a substantial risk of nonappearance and a danger to the community. Defendant does not have a stable environment, does not have stable income, he has no job and does not have ties to this community or to the community in the Westerr District of New York. There is clear and convincing evidence that there are no conditions or combination or conditions the Court could fashion at this time to reasonably assure Defendant's future appearance in court or to protect the community against risk of danger posed by Defendant. The Court therefore orders Defendant detained pending trial.
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences of being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

May 5, 2023

Date:

United States Magistrate Judge